13. Idaho, 10. Indiana, 22. Iowa, 6. Kansas, 21. Ken-Lake region, northern New England and the States of Idaho, tucky, 14. Maryland, 3. Missouri, 7, 8, 14, 17, 20, 21, 22. Oregon, Washington, and northern California. Nebraska, 30. New Mexico, 18. New York, 5, 12. Ohio, 16. Oklahoma, 17. Oregon, 10, 29. Pennsylvania, 3. Tennessee, 14. Texas, 18. Utah, 16. Washington, 21. Wisconsin, 10.

The following are the dates on which sleet fell in the

respective States:

Arkansas, 2. Colorado, 10, 15, 19. Connecticut, 11. Idaho, 21, 22. New Jersey, 14, 15. New Mexico, 15, 20. New York, 11, 14, 15, 21. North Dakota, 10, 12. Ohio, 2, 3, 4, 10, 23, 28. Oklahoma, 25. Pennsylvania, 3, 4, 11, 14, 15. Tennessee, 1, 2, 3, 7, 13. Texas, 1. Utah, 15, 17, 22, 30. Vermont, 11, 22. Washington, 16, 30. Wisconsin, 2, 10, 12, 22. Wyoming, 15, 19.

HUMIDITY.

Average relative humidity and departures from the normal.

Districts.	Average.	Departure from the normal.	Districts.	Атегаде.	Departure from the normal.
New England Middle Atlantic South Atlantic Florida Peninsula East Gulf West Gulf Ohio Valley and Tennessee Lower Lake Upper Lake Upper Mississippi	76 778 80 78 775 776 778 833 79	-++	Missouri Valley	78 68 66 74 44 56 75 87 85 78	+22 +44 +13 -22 +2 +12 +11

WIND.

The maximum wind velocity at each Weather Bureau station for a period of five minutes is given in Table I, which also gives the altitude of Weather Bureau anemometers above ground.

Following are the velocities of 50 miles and over per hour

registered during the month:

Maximum wind velocities.

Stations.	Date.	Velocity.	Direction.	Stations.	Date.	Velocity.	Direction.
Carson City, Nev Denver, Colo Fort Canby, Wash Do Do Do Do Do	29 29 10 18 17 18 20 27	60 51 62 54 56 72 60 57	sw. nw. se. se. se. se. se.	Fort Canby, Wash Do Havre, Mont Mount Tamalpais, Cal. Do New York, N. Y. Winnemucca, Nev	29 80 28 21 29 12 29	56 70 52 53 56 56 75	se. se. sw. w. w. u. u.

SUNSHINE AND CLOUDINESS.

The distribution of sunshine is graphically shown on Chart VII, and the numerical values of average daylight cloudiness, both for individual stations and by geographical districts, appear in Table I.

Average cloudiness and departures from the normal.

			= :		
Districts.	Ачегаде.	Departure from the normal.	Districts.	Атегаде.	Departure from the normal.
New England Middle Atlantic South Atlantic Florida Peninsula East Gulf West Gulf Ohio Valley and Tennessee. Lower Lake Upper Lake North Dakota Upper Mississippi	4.7 4.6 4.6 6.0 7.6 6.9 4.0	+0.8 -0.4 -0.6 +0.1 +0.1 +0.3 +0.4 -0.1 -1.3 +0.5	Missouri Valley Northern Slope Middle Slope Southern Slope Southern Plateau Middle Plateau Northern Plateau North Pacific Coast Middle Pacific Coast South Pacific Coast	4.2 2.6	+0.5 -0.2 +1.0 +1.0 +1.8 +1.8 +1.0 +1.9 +3.0 +2.4

ATMOSPHERIC ELECTRICITY.

Numerical statistics relative to auroras and thunderstorms are given in Table VII, which shows the number of stations from which meteorological reports were received, and the number of such stations reporting thunderstorms (T) and auroras (A) in each State and on each day of the month, respectively.

Thunderstorms.—Reports of 661 thunderstorms were received during the current month as against 619 in 1898 and

732 during the preceding month.

The dates on which the number of reports of thunderstorms for the whole country were most numerous were: 14th, 111; 13th, 93; 21st, 61; 17th, 56.

Reports were most numerous from: Missouri, 123; Illi-

nois, 86; Arkansas, 46; Kansas, 40.

Auroras.—The evenings on which bright moonlight must have interfered with observations of faint auroras are assumed to be the four preceding and following the date of full moon, viz, 12th to 20th.

The greatest number of reports were received for the fol-

lowing dates: 16th, 4; 2d, 25th, 29th, 2.

Reports were most numerous from: Ohio, 5; Montana and

North Dakota, 3.

In Canada.—Auroras were reported as follows: Father Point, 3d, 6th, 23d, 29th, 30th; Minnedosa, 4th, 6th, 30th; Swift Current, 13th, 25th, 29th; Prince Albert, 4th, 25th, 27th: Battleford, 4th.

Thunderstorms were reported as follows: Yarmouth, 12th;

Bermuda, 5th.

WEATHER IN THE WEST INDIES.

The distribution of pressure, temperature, and the direction of the resultant winds in the West Indies are shown on Chart IX. The numerical values of pressure, temperature, etc., for West Indian stations will be found in Tables I, II, III, IV, V, VI, VIII, IX, and X.

The climate and crop services of Cuba and Puerto Rico publish statistics of temperature and rainfall for a somewhat The month was unusually free from clouds, except over the larger number of stations than is given at the end of Table II.

DESCRIPTION OF TABLES AND CHARTS.

By ALEBED J. HENRY, Chief of Division of Meteorological Records.

For description of tables and charts see page 424 of Review for September, 1899.